

07-03-00

Docket No.: CALC-99-002

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Re Application of:

Diamond, et al.

Serial No. [Not yet assigned]

Filed: June 30, 2000

For: WOODWORKING AND HOME
IMPROVEMENT CALCULATOR

) Art Unit:

) Examiner:

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING

"Express Mail" mailing label no: EK686636155US

Date of Deposit: June 30, 2000

I hereby certify that this correspondence is being
deposited with the United States Postal Service "Express
Mail Post Office to Addressee" service under 37 CFR
1.10 on the date indicated above and is addressed to:

Assistant Commissioner for Patents

Box Patent Application

Washington, D.C. 20231

on 6-30-00

Date

Teri Muir

Teri Muir

TRANSMITTAL LETTER

Honorable Assistant Commissioner
for Patents
Box Patent Application
Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Enclosed for filing please find the patent application for an invention entitled,
"WOODWORKING AND HOME IMPROVEMENT CALCULATOR", filed on behalf of
Calculated Industries, Inc., assignee from inventors Michael A. Diamond, Steve C.
Kennedy, Joel S. Novak and Kenneth M. Steiner, including 17 pages of specification, 7
pages of claims, 16 sheets of drawing figures, and 1 page of Abstract. Also enclosed
herewith are the Declaration, Power of Attorney, Verified Statement Claiming Small
Entity Status.

The attorney's Docket Number is CALC-99-002.

Kindly address all communications regarding this application to:

2

Applicant or Patentee: Construction Master Technologies, LLC.

Serial or Patent No.: Not yet assigned

Filed or Issued:

For: **"WOODWORKING AND HOME IMPROVEMENT CALCULATOR"**

**VERIFIED STATEMENT (DECLARATION) CLAIMING
SMALL ENTITY STATUS (37 C.F.R. 1.9(f) and 1.27(c))
SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN**

I hereby declare that I am

☐ the owner of the small business concern identified below:

x an official of the small business concern identified below and empowered to act on its behalf.

NAME OF BUSINESS: Construction Master Technologies, LLC.

ADDRESS OF BUSINESS: 4840 Hytech Drive, Carson City, Nevada 89706

I hereby declare that the above identified small business concern qualifies as a small business concern as defined in 13 CFR 121.3-18, and reproduced in 37 CFR 1.9(d), for purposes of paying reduced fees under Section 41(a) and (b) of Title 35, United States Code, in that the number of employees of the concern, including those of its affiliates, does not exceed 500 persons. For purposes of this statement, (1) the number of employees of the business concern is the average over the previous fiscal year of the concern of the persons employed on a full-time, part-time or temporary basis during each of the pay periods of the fiscal year, and (2) concerns are affiliates of each other when either, directly or indirectly one concern controls or has the power to control the other, or a third-party or parties controls or has the power to control both.

I hereby declare that rights under contract or law have been conveyed, to and remain with the small business concern identified above with regard to the invention, entitled:

"WOODWORKING AND HOME IMPROVEMENT CALCULATOR"

by inventor(s): Michael A. Diamond, Steven C. Kennedy, Joel S. Novak and Kenneth M. Steiner

described in:

X the specification filed herewith

☐ application serial No. Not yet assigned, filed .

☐ patent No. _____, issued _____.

If the rights held by the above identified small business concern are not exclusive, each individual, concern or organization having rights to the invention is listed below and no rights to the invention are held by any person, other than an inventor who qualifies as an individual inventor pursuant to 37 C.F.R. §1.9(c), who could not qualify as a small business concern under 37 CFR 1.9(d) or by any concern which

would not qualify as a small business concern under 37 CFR 1.9(d) or a nonprofit organization under 37 CFR 1.9(e).*

*Note: Separate verified statements are required from each named person, concern or organization having rights to the invention averring to their status as small entities. (37 CFR 1.27).

FULL NAME: Construction Master Technologies, LLC.

ADDRESS: 4840 Hytech Drive, Carson City, Nevada 89706

☐ Individual ☒ Small Business Concern ☐ Nonprofit Organization

FULL NAME:

ADDRESS:

☐ Individual ☐ Small Business Concern ☐ Nonprofit Organization

FULL NAME:

ADDRESS:

☐ Individual ☐ Small Business Concern ☐ Nonprofit Organization

I acknowledge the duty to file, in this application or patent, notification of any change in status resulting in loss of entitlement to small entity status prior to paying, or at the time of paying, the earliest of the issue fee or any maintenance fee due after the date on which status as a small business entity is no longer appropriate. (37 CFR 1.28(b)).

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application, any patent issuing thereon, or any patent to which the verified statement is directed.

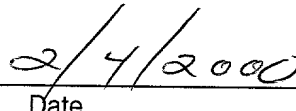
Construction Master Technologies, LLC.

4840 Hytech Drive

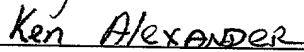
Carson City, Nevada 89706



Signature



Date



Print Name



Title

This application is submitted in the name of inventors Michael A. Diamond, Steven C. Kennedy, Joel S. Novak and Kenneth M. Steiner assignors to Calculated Industries, Inc., a Nevada Corporation.

5

SPECIFICATION

WOODWORKING AND HOME IMPROVEMENT CALCULATOR

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to calculators, and more particularly to calculators especially adapted to perform calculations and conversions of dimensional data for woodworking and home improvement.

2. The Prior Art

Many calculators have been developed to perform calculations on dimensional data. One such calculator is the Construction Master IV manufactured by Calculated Industries, Inc. of Carson City, Nevada. However this calculator is targeted to construction professionals and is focused towards the necessary calculations those individuals must make in estimating and bidding complex construction projects.

Various dimensional calculators are illustrated in U.S. Pat Nos. 4,744,044, issued May 10, 1988 to Stoker et al, entitled HAND HELD CALCULATOR FOR DIMENSIONAL CALCULATIONS; 4,448,250, issued Dec. 11, 1984 to Lipsey et al, entitled HAND HELD CALCULATOR FOR PERFORMING CALCULATIONS IN
5 FEET, INCHES AND FRACTIONS; 4,100,603, issued July 11, 1978, to Boyd, entitled FEET, INCHES AND SIXTEENTHS ADDER; 4,081,859, issued Mar. 28, 1978, to Goldsamt et al, entitled ELECTRONIC CALCULATOR FOR FEET-INCH-FRACTION NUMERICS; and 3,973,113, issued Aug. 3, 1976, to Goldsamt et al, entitled ELECTRONIC CALCULATOR FOR FEET-INCH-FRACTION NUMERICS.
10 However, none of the above the above are focussed on simplifying calculations specifically for the do it yourselfer.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The aforementioned problems are overcome in the present invention comprising a
5 calculator particularly adapted for easily and rapidly performing calculations for typical home improvement projects. The calculator includes multiple material conversions dealing with a variety of home projects. The conversions include: gravel, tile, brick, block, 4x8 sheets, paint, wallpaper, board feet, stud spacing and roofing. Further objects and advantages of the invention will become apparent from a consideration of the
20 drawings and the ensuing description.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

In the drawings which illustrate the best modes presently contemplated for carrying out the present invention:

5 FIG. 1 is a plain view of the calculator keyboard and display;

FIG. 2 is an enlarged view of the calculator display showing all of the actual display segments;

10 FIG. 3 is a chart showing the basic operation of the calculator;

FIG. 4-24 are flowcharts illustrating the operation of the inventive features of the calculator.

15 DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Those of ordinary skill in the art will realize that the following description of the present invention is illustrative only and not in any way limiting. Other embodiments of the invention will readily suggest themselves to such skilled persons.

20 A calculator constructed in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the invention is illustrated in FIG. 1 and generally designated 10. The calculator includes a keyboard or other input means 12 and a display or other display means 14.

I. KEYBOARD

The keyboard 12 includes several groups of keys including power and clear keys 16, numeric keys 18, measurement keys 20, a conversion key 22, and a percentage key 24. Secondary functions are accessed through the numeric keys 18 and are displayed on the calculator housing 26.

The power/clear keys 16 are conventional and are used to turn the calculator on and off and to clear the display and/or clear memory. The [On/C] or On/Clear Key turns power on. Pressing once clears the display. Pressing twice clears all temporary values. The [Off] or Off key turns all power off, clearing all non-permanent registers. The numeric keys 18 are conventional and used to input numeric information and include the conventional numeric keys 0-9 and a decimal point (.).

Dimensional keys 20 are conventional and are used to label or convert entered values into appropriate dimensional values. To label a dimension as "square" or "cubic," the value is entered and then the desired key is pressed twice to square and three times to cube. For example, to enter 25 cubic yards, the user presses 25 [Yds] [Yds] [Yds]. To enter 25 square feet, the user presses 25 [Feet][Feet]. The yard [Yds] key (as stated) enters or converts to yards. The feet [Feet] key enters or converts to feet as whole or decimal numbers. This key is also used with the [Inch] and [/] keys for entering Feet-Inch values (e.g., 6 [Feet] 9 [Inch] 1 [/] 2). Arithmetic operation keys 28 and their

secondary conversion function labeled on the housing above the keys are conventional and are used to engage in conventional calculator functions such as addition, multiplication, subtraction and division. The secondary functions include squaring input numbers, taking the square root, changing the value to + or - as well as recalling memory values "MR" and adding values to memory "M+."

The Inch [Inch] key enters or converts to inches. Entry can be whole or decimal numbers. This key can also be used with the [/] key for entering fractional inch values (e.g., 9 [Inch] 1 [/] 2). Repeated presses during conversions toggle between fractional and decimal inches. The Meter [Met] key enters or converts to meters. The fraction bar [/] key is used to enter fractions. Fractions can be entered as proper ($1/2$, $1/8$, $1/16$) or improper ($3/2$, $9/8$). The calculator is set to display fractional values to the nearest 16th of an inch. $1/64$ resolution can be displayed by pressing [/] with the value in the display. The fractional resolution can be permanently set by pressing [Conv][/] with a clear (zero) display. Repeat presses of the [/] key will then revolve through the available settings: $1/16$, $1/32$, $1/64$, $1/2$, $1/4$ and $1/8$.

II. DISPLAY

The calculator display 14 is illustrated in greater detail in Fig. 2. The display includes a decimal display 50, a fractional display 52, a conversion indicator 54, a memory indicator, 56 and measurement annunciators 58. The preferred decimal display 50 includes seven digits, each comprising a seven-segment display, for displaying a

decimal number including a floating decimal point. Other numbers of digits can be included in the display as desired. The fractional display 52 includes a two digit numerator and a two digit denominator separated by a slash 60. The alphabetical display includes four characters, each comprising a fourteen segment display. Activation of the memory display 56 indicates that a number is stored in the independent calculator memory.

The measurement annunciators 58 include the eight indicators or segments "CU" "SQ" "FEET" "YD" "CM" "MM" "M" "INCH." These annunciators 58 are activated in response to depression of measurement keys 20 to indicate measurement system information associated with the displayed number. Specifically, the annunciators 58 can be displayed in the following combinations: YD, FEET, MM, CM, M, INCH, FEET INCHES, SQ YD, SQ FEET, SQ MM, SQ CM, SQ M, SQ INCH, CU YD, CU FEET, CU MM, CU CM, CM and CU INCH. All of the displays 50, 52, 54, 56, 58 and 60 are generally well known to those having ordinary skill in the construction calculator art.

III. OPERATION

The calculator includes conventional circuitry responsive to the keyboard 12 for receiving input and performing calculations. The input number or measurement is displayed on the display 14; and the results of all calculations are also displayed on the display 14. The software for implementing the function of the calculator can be readily

prepared by one having ordinary skill in the art in view of the present specification,
particularly the flow charts of FIGS. 3-24.

The calculator is "key driven" or "keyboard driven", meaning that the internal
5 operation of the calculator is dependent upon the last key entered. Major branching
decisions within the software are made on the basis of the most recent key entry.
Numeric input is entered using the numeric keys 18. Additionally, measurement
information associated with the numbers can be inputted using the measurement keys 20.
The operation of the calculator in modes and functions not described below, will not be
10 described in detail inasmuch as such operation is generally identical to conventional
calculators and more specifically prior art construction calculators.

In Fig. 3, the block diagram circuit arrangement for the calculator of the present
invention 10 is set forth. The circuit includes a microprocessor 300 containing a display
15 register 310, a memory 320, an accumulator 330, and an entry register 340. The
microprocessor 300 is interconnected over bus 350 to the keyboard keys 20. The
microprocessor 300 communicates over bus 380 with drivers 390. The drivers 390
communicate over bus 392 with the display circuit 14. A battery power supply 395
provides power over lines 397 and 399 to the drivers 390 and to the microprocessor 300
20 respectively. Persons of ordinary skill in the art will readily be able to configure a
calculator according to the present invention using commercially available components.

GRAVEL FUNCTION

Referencing Figures 4 and 5, shown are flowcharts which detail the basic operation of the gravel function. The gravel function is accessed through the [Conv] [0] keys. The user enters (or calculates to) a cubic dimension. Next the [Conv] [0] key is pressed 400. The calculator queries whether the entered dimension is in a cubic format 405. If not, an error message is displayed 410. If the value is properly entered in a cubic format, the calculator converts the entered cubic value to a tonnage value based on a default conversion factor 415. The calculator then displays the appropriate tonnage 420 along with the indicator "tn."

The calculator also calculates the reverse, i.e., an entered tonnage into a corresponding cubic coverage. The user simply enters the number of tons and accesses the gravel function: [Conv] [0] 500. The calculator converts the entered tonnage into a corresponding cubic yard coverage based on the conversion factor 505 and displays the same using the indicator "CU YD" 510. The default conversion factor is 0.77 cu. yards of coverage for one ton of gravel or conversely 1.3 tons equals one cubic yard of coverage.

CONCRETE BAGS/MIX FUNCTION

Referencing Figures 6 and 7, shown are flowcharts which detail the basic operation of the concrete function. The concrete function is accessed through the [Conv] [0] keys. The user enters (or calculates to) a cubic dimension. Next the [Conv] [0] key is

pressed 600. The calculator queries whether the entered dimension is in a cubic format 605. If not, an error message is displayed 610. If the value is properly entered in a cubic format, the calculator converts the entered cubic value to a tonnage value based on a default conversion factor 615. The calculator then displays the appropriate number of 5 cement bags required 420 along with the indicator "bg."

The calculator also calculates the reverse, i.e., an entered number of cement bags into a corresponding cubic coverage. The user simply enters the number of cement bags and accesses the concrete function: [Conv] [0] 700. The calculator converts the entered 10 bags into a corresponding cubic yard coverage based on the conversion factor 705 and displays the same using the indicator "CU YD" 710. The default conversion factor is (NEEDED) cu. yards of coverage for each bag of cement or conversely each cubic yard of coverage requires (NEEDED) bags of cement.

15 TILE FUNCTION

Referencing Figures 8, 9 and 10, shown are flowcharts which detail the basic operation of the tile function. The tile function is accessed through the [Conv] [1] keys. The user enters (or calculates to) a squared dimension 800. Next the [Conv] [1] key is pressed 805. The calculator then converts the entered area value to a number of tiles 20 value based on a variety of conversion factors 810. The calculator then displays the appropriate number of 18 inch tiles required 815, along with the indicator "18 in."

Another press of the tile [1] key 820, displays the number of 12 inch tiles required for the same entered area 825 along with the indicator "12 in." Repeated presses of the tile [1] key 830, 840, 850, 860, 870 accesses other conversions, i.e., to 8 inch, 6 inch, 4 inch, 2 inch and 1 inch tiles, 835, 845, 855, 865 and 875 respectively. A subsequent
 5 press of the tile [1] key 880, cycles to the top of the information queue 815.

Referring to Fig. 9, the calculator also calculates the reverse, i.e., an entered number of tiles into a corresponding square foot coverage. The user simply enters the number of tiles and accesses the tile function: [Conv] [1] 900. The calculator
 10 converts the number of entered tiles into a corresponding square foot coverage based on conversion factors 905 and displays the same using the indicator "SQ FEET" along with the tile size associated with the coverage 910. Subsequent presses of the tile key 915, 925, 935, 945, 955 and 965 reveals coverage for additional sizes 920, 930, 940, 950, 960 and 970. An additional press of the tile key 980 reveals the number of tiles input by the
 15 user with the designation "ti" 980.

Referring to Fig. 10 the calculator can also calculate linear tile requirements, i.e., the amount of tiles needed for a linear dimension. The user simply enters the linear dimension into the calculator 1000 and accesses the tile function by pressing [Conv] [1]
 20 1005. The calculator then calculates the number of tiles required for the entered length for a variety of tile sizes 1010 and displays the number of tiles associated for the first tile size 1015. Subsequent presses of the tile key 1020, 1030, 1040, 1050, 1060 and 1070

display the remaining information 1025, 1035, 1045, 1055, 1065 and 1075. An additional press of the tile key 1080 displays the entered distance for the user with the linear designation 1085. Another press 1090 simply cycles the calculator to the beginning of the information queue 1015.

5

BRICK AND BLOCK FUNCTION

Referencing Figures 11, 12 and 13, shown are flowcharts which detail the basic operation of the brick and block functions. Referring to Fig. 11, the brick function is accessed through the [Conv] [2] keys. The user enters (or calculates to) a squared dimension 1100. Next the [Conv] [2] key is pressed 1105. The calculator then converts the entered area value to a number of face and paver bricks based on conversion factors 1110. The calculator then displays the appropriate number of face bricks required 1115, along with the indicator "F br."

Another press of the brick [2] key 1120, displays the number of paver brick required for the same entered area 1125 along with the indicator "P br." The block function can be accessed by pressing [Conv] [3] keys 1130 which then converts the previously entered area into the number of block required 1135 and then displays the calculated number, along with the designation "bL" 1140.

20

The conversion factors used are 21 square inches of coverage for each face brick and 32 square inches of coverage for paver bricks. This is based on a modular U.S. Brick

size of 3-5/8 inches x 2-1/4 inches x 7-5/8 inches including 3/8 inches of mortar. The block size is 128 square inches which includes 1/2 inch of mortar.

Referencing Fig. 12 the calculator can calculate the reverse as well, i.e., the user can enter a number of bricks or blocks and the calculator indicates the coverage said number of bricks or blocks will enjoy. The user enters the number of bricks and presses the [Conv] [2] key 1200. The calculator then converts the entered number of bricks using the above conversion factors into a corresponding area 1205. The calculator then displays the area coverage along with the corresponding brick size: "SQ FEET P br" 1210, the "P" indicating a paver brick. An additional press of the [2] key 1215 displays the coverage with the other associated brick use: "SQ FEET F br" 1220. F indicates face brick. Corresponding block coverage can be accessed by pressing the [Conv] [3] key 1225. The calculator converts the entered number into corresponding block coverage 1230 and displays covered area: "SQ FEET" 1235.

Referencing Fig. 13, corresponding bricks and blocks for an entered linear dimension can be calculated. A linear dimension is input 1300, then the brick function is accessed by pressing the [Conv] [2] key 1305. The calculator then converts the input distance into the required number of face and paver bricks 1310 and displays the paver bricks 1315 with the designation "P br." An additional press of the [2] key 1320, displays the number of face bricks 1325 with the designation "F br." Pressing the [Conv] [3] key

1330 converts the entered length into the number of required blocks 1335 and displays that number 1340 with the designation "bL."

4 x 8 SHEET FUNCTION

5 Referencing Figures 14, 15 and 16, shown are flowcharts which detail the basic operation of the 4 x 8 sheet functions. Referring to Fig. 14, the 4 x 8 sheet function is accessed through the [Conv] [4] keys. The user enters (or calculates to) a squared dimension 1400. Next the [Conv] [4] key is pressed 1405. The calculator then converts the entered area value to a number of 4 x 8 sheets bricks based on a conversion factors 1410. The calculator then displays the appropriate number of 4 x 8 sheets required 1415, along with the indicator "Sh."

 Referencing Fig. 15, the calculator can calculate the reverse as well, i.e., the user can enter a number of 4 x 8 sheets and the calculator indicates the coverage said number of sheets enjoy. The user enters the number of sheets and presses the [Conv] [4] key 1500. The calculator then converts the entered number of 4 x 8 sheets into a corresponding area 1505. The calculator then displays the area coverage: "SQ FEET" 1510.

20 Referencing Fig. 16, corresponding 4 x 8 sheets for an entered linear dimension can be calculated. A linear dimension is input 1600, then the 4 x 8 sheet function is accessed by pressing the [Conv] [4] key 1605. The calculator then converts the input

distance into the required number of 4 x 8 sheets 1610 and displays the number of sheets 1610 with the designation "Sh."

PAINT FUNCTION

5 Referencing Figures 17 and 18, shown are flowcharts which detail the basic operation of the paint function. Referring to Fig. 17, the paint function is accessed through the [Conv] [5] keys. The user enters the number of gallons of paint and presses the [Conv] [5] key 1700. The calculator then converts the entered number of gallons of paint to an area value based on a conversion factor 1705. The calculator displays the value in square feet 1710. The conversion factor is 1 gallon of paint for 350 square feet.

Referencing Fig. 18, the calculator can calculate the reverse as well, i.e., the user can enter an area and the calculator indicates the gallons of paint required to cover that area. The user enters or calculates to the area and presses the [Conv] [5] key 1800. The calculator then converts the area into the corresponding gallons of paint 1805. The calculator then displays the number of gallons with the indicator "GL" 1810.

WALLPAPER FUNCTION

20 Referencing Figures 19 and 20, shown are flowcharts which detail the basic operation of the wallpaper function. Referring to Fig. 19, the wallpaper function is accessed through the [Conv] [6] keys. The user enters (or calculates) to a desired area 1900 and presses the [Conv] [6] key 1910. The calculator then converts the area

dimension into rolls of wallpaper based on a conversion factor 1915. One roll covers 56 sq. feet. The calculator displays the number of rolls required to cover the input area with the designation "rl" 1920.

- 5 Referencing Fig. 20, the calculator can calculate the reverse as well, i.e., the user can enter a number of wallpaper rolls area and the calculator indicates the area the input rolls enjoy. The user enters the number of rolls and presses the [Conv] [6] key 2000. The calculator then converts the rolls into an area coverage 2005 and displays that area 2010 with the indicator "SQ FEET."

STUD FUNCTION

Referencing Figures 21 and 22, shown are flowcharts which detail the basic operation of the stud function. Referring to Fig. 21, the stud function is accessed through the [Conv] [8] keys. The user enters (or calculates) a desired linear distance 2100 and presses the [Conv] [8] key 2105. The calculator then converts the linear distance into number of studs based on a conversion factor 2110. One stud is required for every 16 inches of length. The calculator displays the number of studs required to cover the input area with the designation "St" 2115.

- 20 Referencing Fig. 22, the calculator can calculate the reverse as well, i.e., the user can enter a number of studs and the calculator indicates the length the input studs will cover. The user enters the number of studs and presses the [Conv] [8] key 2200. The

calculator then converts the rolls into an linear distance 2205 and displays that area 2210 with the indicator "FEET."

ROOFING BUNDLE FUNCTION

5 Referencing Figures 23 and 24, shown are flowcharts which detail the basic operation of the roofing bundle function. Referring to Fig. 23, the roofing bundle function is accessed through the [Conv] [8] keys. The user enters (or calculates) to a desired area 2300 and presses the [Conv] [8] key 2305. The calculator then converts the area dimension into roofing bundles based on a conversion factor 2310. One roofing bundle covers 33.33 sq. feet. The calculator displays the number of roofing bundles required to cover the input area with the designation "rf bn" 2315.

 Referencing Fig. 24, the calculator can calculate the reverse as well, i.e., the user can enter a number of roofing bundles and the calculator indicates the area the input rolls enjoy. The user enters the number of rolls and presses the [Conv] [8] key 2400. The calculator then converts the bundles into an area coverage 2405 and displays that area 2410 with the indicator "SQ FEET."

ADJUSTABLE FEATURES

20 The calculator can also be designed with an adjustable conversion features for adjusting the default conversion factors used with the above keys. The user can access the conversion key via the [Conv] key in conjunction with another key e.g. the [Conv]

[+]. The user accesses the conversion factors by scrolling through the menu with the [+] or [-] minus key and then adjusting those factors to the users liking by keying in the appropriate value on the keyboard. Changeable factors include the gravel weight to volume ratio; concrete weight to volume ratio; tile with a "grout/no grout" option; i.e., the
5 tile area can be calculated with or without grout. The brick area can be calculated with "mortar/no mortar." The paint gallon to coverage area ratio can be adjusted. The wallpaper roll to area ratio can also be adjusted as well as the stud spacing.

The calculator can also be designed with scrollable choices for the user to select from a variety of gravel weight to volume ratios and concrete weight to volume ratios. Additionally, the calculator can be designed to calculate and display additional concrete values such as amount of aggregate, sand, water and lime required for an input cubic volume.

It will be appreciated by those skilled in the art that the present invention can be embodied in other specific forms without departing from the spirit or essential characteristics thereof. The presently disclosed embodiments are therefore considered in all respects to be illustrative and not restrictive. The scope of the invention is indicated by the appended claims rather than the foregoing description, and all changes that come
20 within the meaning and range and equivalence thereof are intended to be embraced therein.

What is claimed is:

1. a calculator specially adapted to perform calculations and conversions of dimensional data for making home improvement calculations comprising in combination:

means responsive to at least one specific user key for calculating data related to at

5 least one of gravel, concrete, tile, brick, block, 4 x 8 sheet, paint, wallpaper, stud and roofing bundle calculations, and;

means for displaying said data related to at least one gravel, concrete, tile, brick, block, 4 x 8 sheet, paint, wallpaper, stud and roofing bundle calculations.

10 2. The calculator of claim 1 wherein said means for determining data related to said gravel calculations allows for the conversion of a cubic dimension into a weight measurement based on a preset weight to volume ratio.

15 3. The calculator of claim 1 wherein said means for determining data related to said gravel calculations allows for the conversion of a weight measurement into a dimensional measurement based on a preset weight to volume ratio.

20 4. The calculator of claim 1 wherein said means for determining data related to said gravel calculations allows for the conversion of a cubic dimension into a weight measurement based on a user defined weight to volume ratio.

5. The calculator of claim 1 wherein said means for determining data related to said gravel calculations allows for the conversion of a weight measurement into a cubic dimension based on a user defined weight to volume ratio.

5 6. The calculator of claim 1 wherein said means for determining data related to said gravel calculations allows for the conversion of a cubic dimension into a weight measurement based on a weight to volume ratio chosen from a user selectable pre-set scrollable list.

10 7. The calculator of claim 1 wherein said means for determining data related to said gravel calculations allows for the conversion of a weight measurement into a cubic dimension based on a weight to volume ratio chosen from a user selectable pre-set scrollable list.

15 8. The calculator of claim 1 wherein said means for determining data related to said gravel calculations allows for the conversion of a cubic dimension into a weight measurement based on a weight to volume ratio chosen from a user selectable user set scrollable list.

20 9. The calculator of claim 1 wherein said means for determining data related to said gravel calculations allows for the conversion of a weight measurement into a

cubic dimension based on a weight to volume ratio chosen from a user selectable pre-set scrollable list.

10. The calculator of claim 1 wherein said means for determining data related
5 to said concrete calculations allows for the conversion of a cubic dimension into bags of cement based on either a pre-set or user defined weight to volume ratio.

11. The calculator of claim 1 wherein said means for determining data related
10 to said concrete calculations allows for the conversion of bags of cement into a cubic dimension based on either a pre-set or user defined weight to volume ratio.

12. The calculator of claim 1 wherein said means for determining data related
15 to said concrete calculations allows for the conversion of a cubic dimension into bags of cement, sand, aggregate and water based on either pre-set or user defined ratios.

13. The calculator of claim 1 wherein said means for determining data related
to said tile calculations allows for the conversion of an area dimension into a number of tiles.

20 14. The calculator of claim 1 wherein said means for determining data related to said tile calculations allows for the conversion of a number of tiles into an area dimension.

15. The calculator of claim 1 wherein said means for determining data related to said tile calculations allows for the conversion of an area dimension into a number of tiles based on a scrollable list of tile sizes.

5 16. The calculator of claim 1 wherein said means for determining data related to said tile calculations allows for the conversion of a number of tiles into an area dimension based on a scrollable list of tile sizes.

10 17. The calculator of claim 1 wherein said means for determining data related to said brick calculations allows for the conversion of a number of bricks into an area dimension based on either the face or paver use of the brick.

15 18. The calculator of claim 1 wherein said means for determining data related to said brick calculations allows for the conversion of an area dimension into a number of bricks based on either the face or paver use of the brick.

19. The calculator of claim 1 wherein said means for determining data related to said brick calculations allows for the conversion of a linear dimension into a number of bricks based on either the face or paver use of the brick.

20. The calculator of claim 1 wherein said means for determining data related to said block calculations allows for the conversion of a number of blocks into an area dimension.

5 21. The calculator of claim 1 wherein said means for determining data related to said block calculations allows for the conversion of an area dimension into a number of blocks.

10 22. The calculator of claim 1 wherein said means for determining data related to said block calculations allows for the conversion of a linear dimension into a number of blocks.

15 23. The calculator of claim 1 wherein said means for determining data related to said 4 x 8 sheet calculations allows for the conversion of a number of 4 x 8 sheets into an area dimension.

24. The calculator of claim 1 wherein said means for determining data related to said 4 x 8 sheet calculations allows for the conversion of an area dimension into a number of 4 x 8 sheets.

25. The calculator of claim 1 wherein said means for determining data related to said 4 x 8 sheet calculations allows for the conversion of a linear dimension into a number of 4 x 8 sheets.

5 26. The calculator of claim 1 wherein said means for determining data related to said paint calculations allows for the conversion of a number of gallons of paint into an area dimension.

27. The calculator of claim 1 wherein said means for determining data related to said paint calculations allows for the conversion of an area dimension into a number of gallons.

28. The calculator of claim 1 wherein said means for determining data related to said wallpaper calculations allows for the conversion of a number of rolls of wallpaper into an area dimension.

29. The calculator of claim 1 wherein said means for determining data related to said wallpaper calculations allows for the conversion of an area dimension into a number of rolls of wallpaper.

30. The calculator of claim 1 wherein said means for determining data related to said stud calculations allows for the conversion of a linear dimension into a number of studs.

5 31. The calculator of claim 1 wherein said means for determining data related to said stud calculations allows for the conversion of a number of studs into a linear dimension.

10 32. The calculator of claim 1 wherein said means for determining data related to said roofing bundle calculations allows for the conversion of an area dimension into a number of roofing bundles.

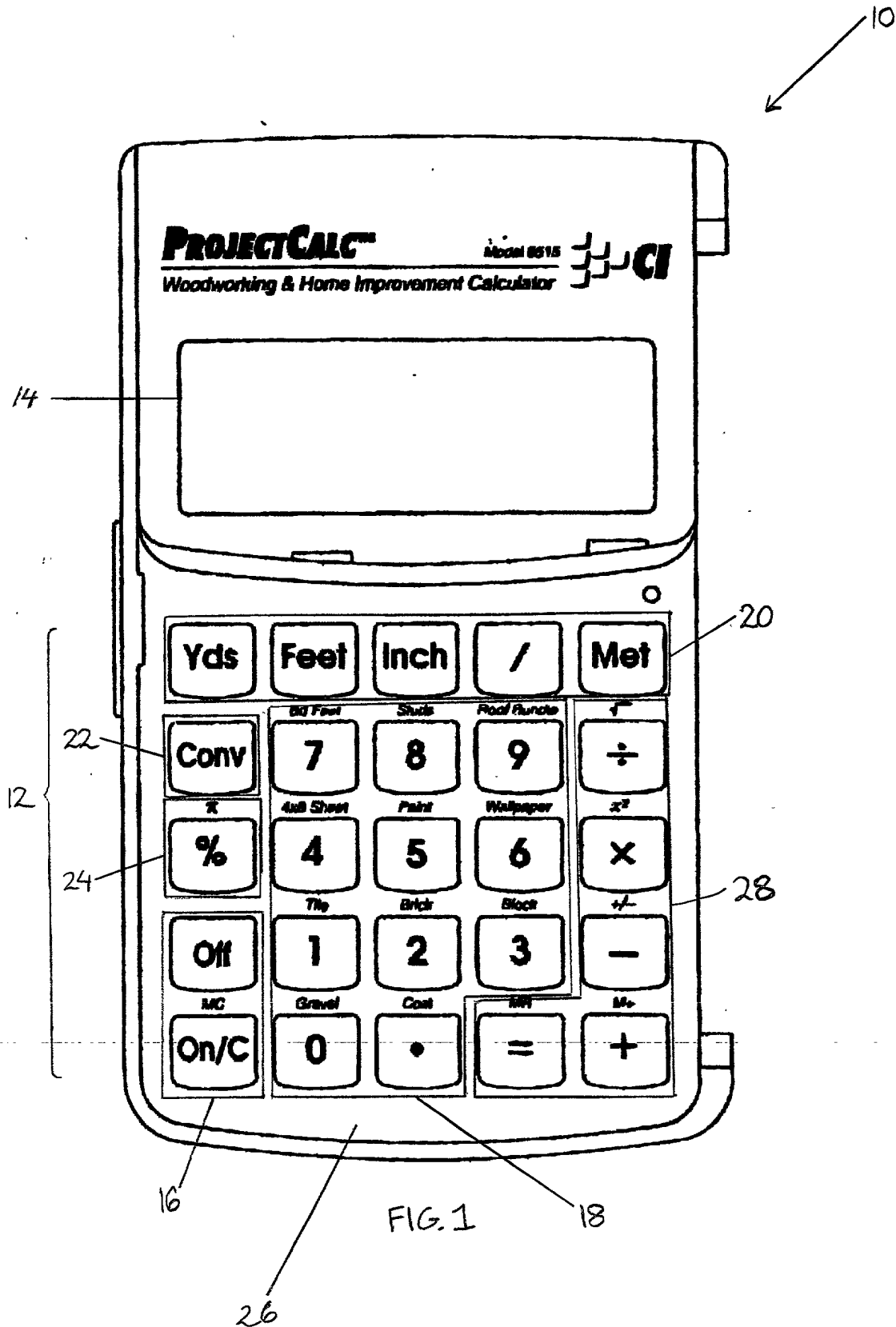
15 33. The calculator of claim 1 wherein said means for determining data related to said roofing bundle calculations allows for the conversion of a number of roofing bundles into an area dimension.

34. A method for entering squared and cubic dimensional data into a home improvement calculator utilizing multiple presses of a linear dimensional key to indicate the appropriate squared or cubic requirements,

20 said squared dimensional data being entered by two presses of a dimensional key and said cubic dimensional data entered by three presses of a dimensional key.

ABSTRACT

The specification discloses a woodworking and home improvement calculator particularly adopted for symplifying common home improvement calculations. The calculator includes a variety of special keys including a gravel, cement, tile, brick, block, 4 x 8 sheet, paint, wallpaper, stud and roof bundle keys which allow the user to quickly determine the amount of materials needed for projects involving the aforementioned keys.





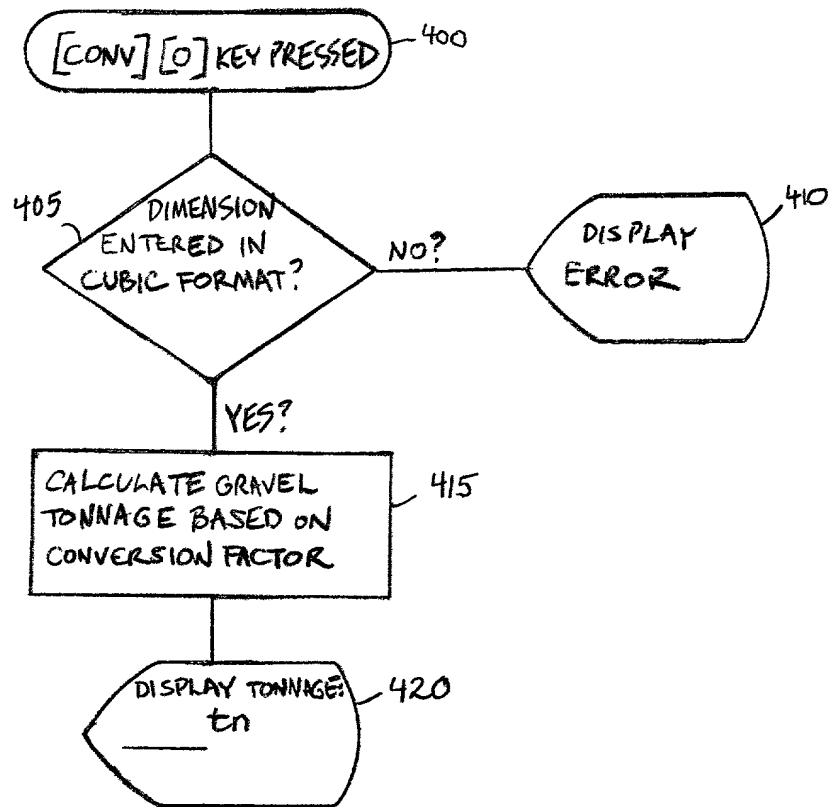


FIG. 4

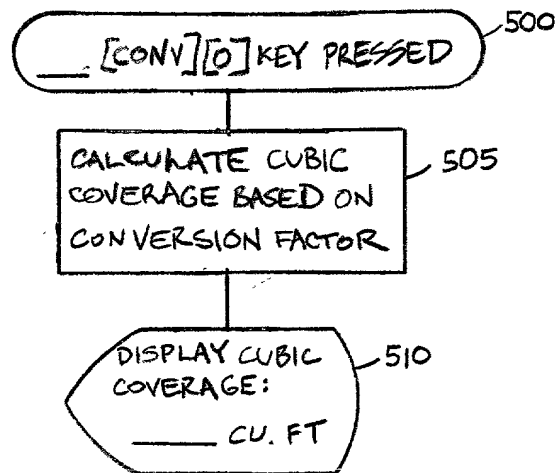


FIG. 5

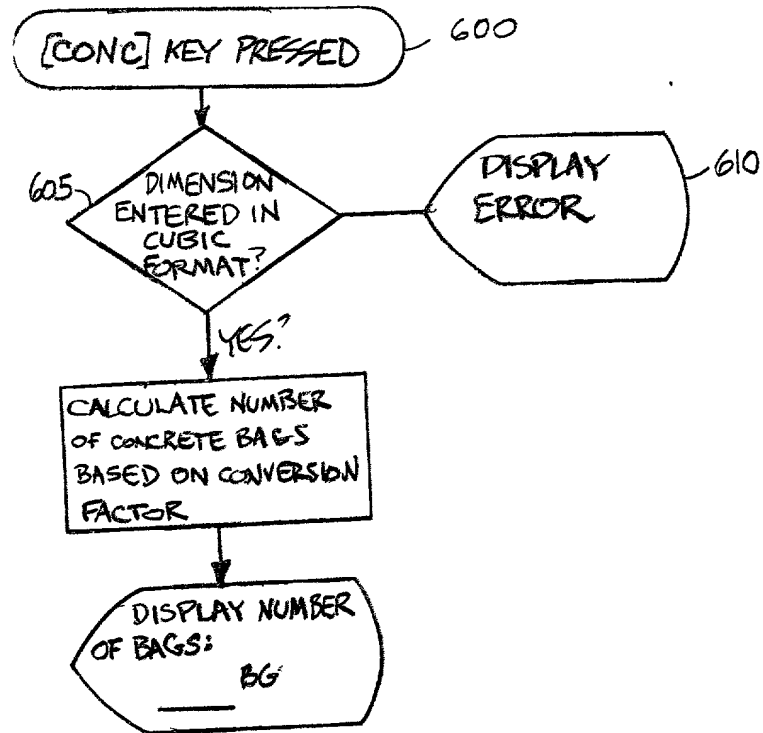


FIG. 6

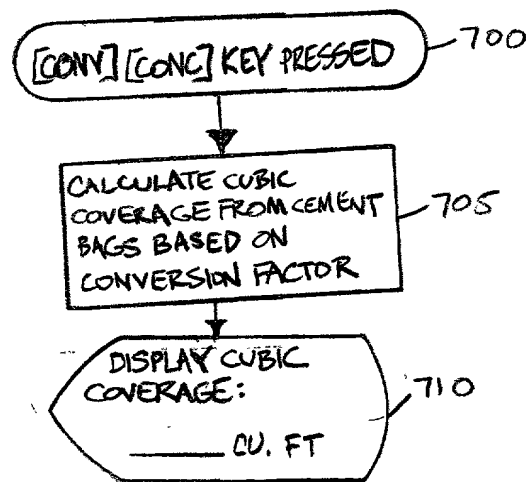


FIG. 7

000590" 289/0960



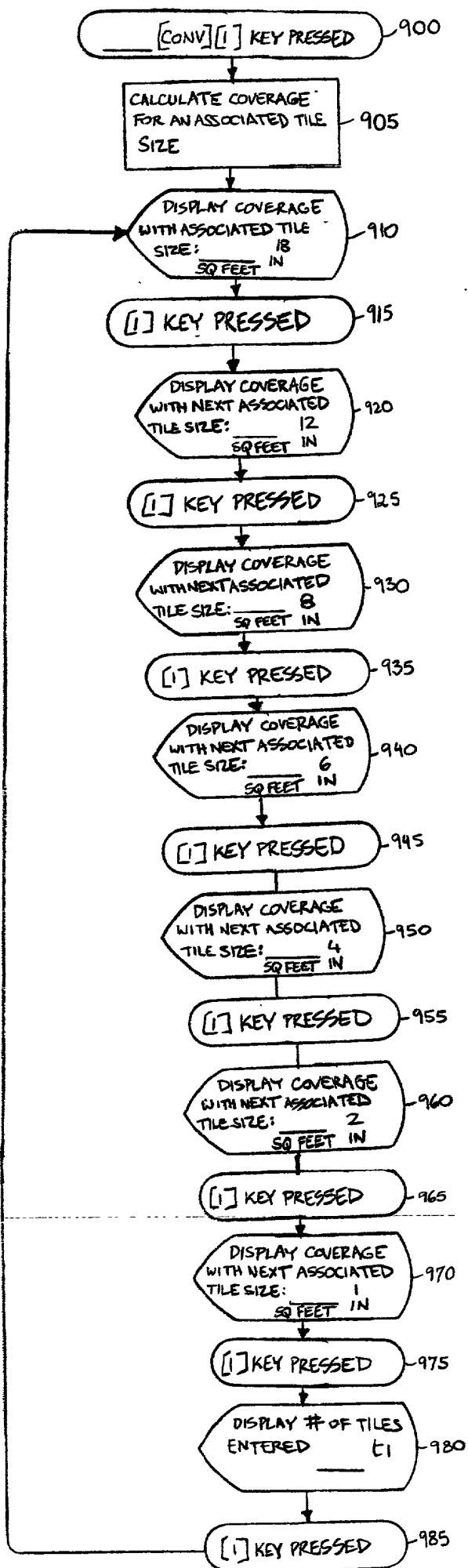


FIG. 9

000000" 28920960







FIG. 12

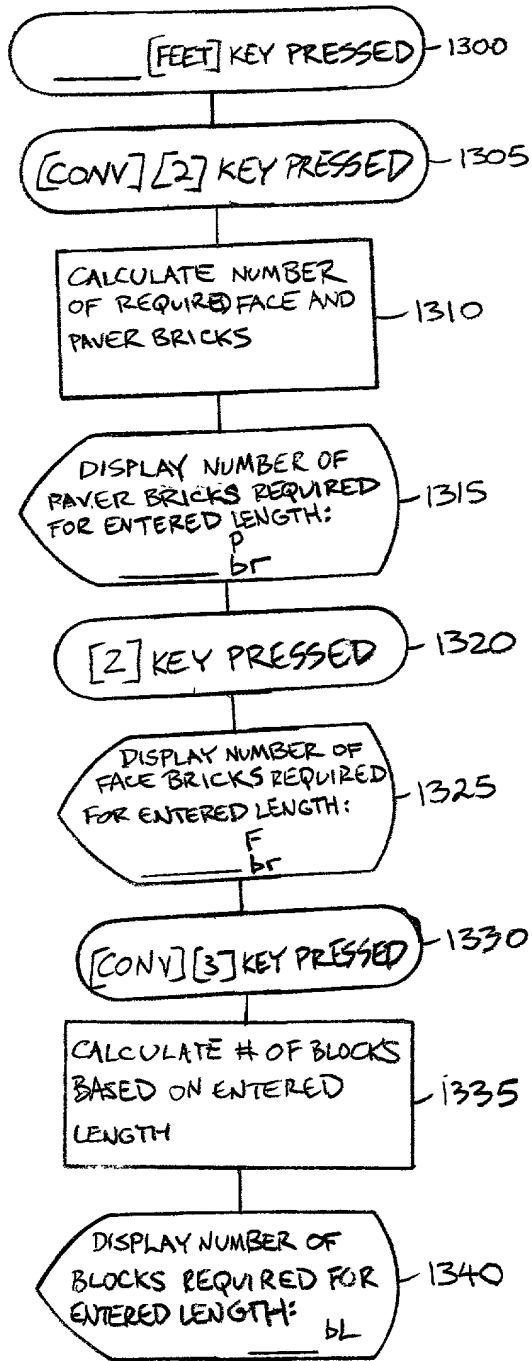


FIG. 13

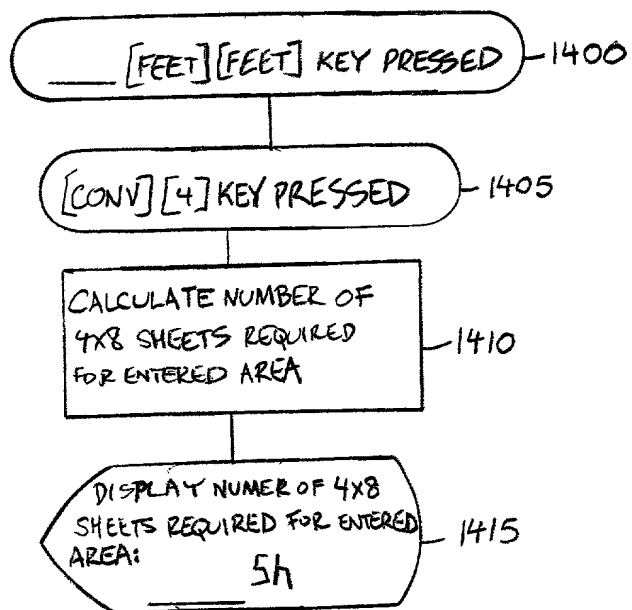


FIG. 14

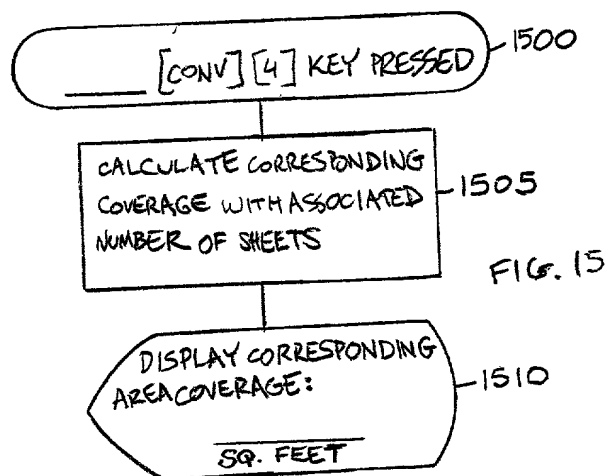


FIG. 15

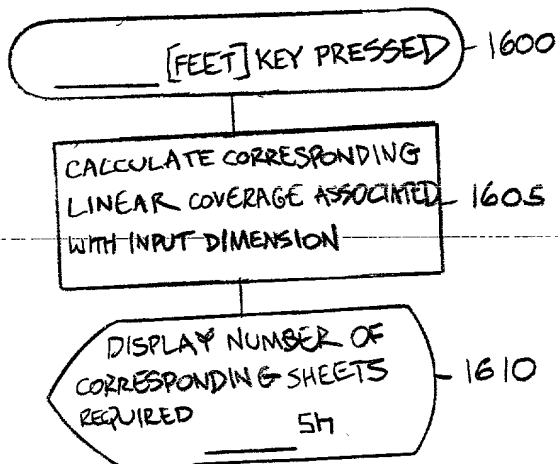


FIG. 16

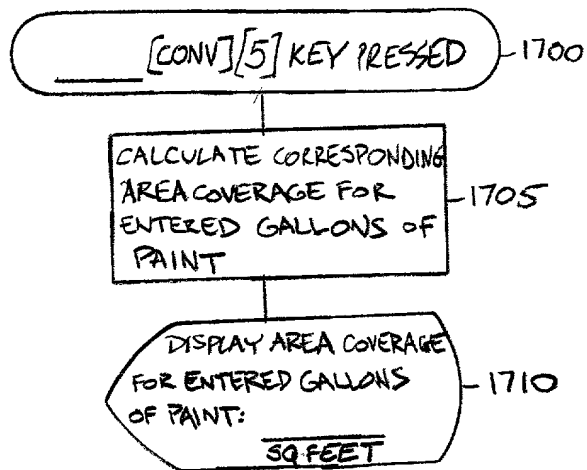


FIG. 17

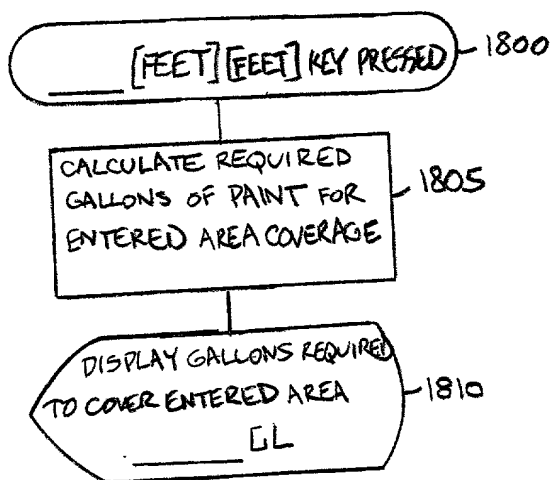


FIG. 18

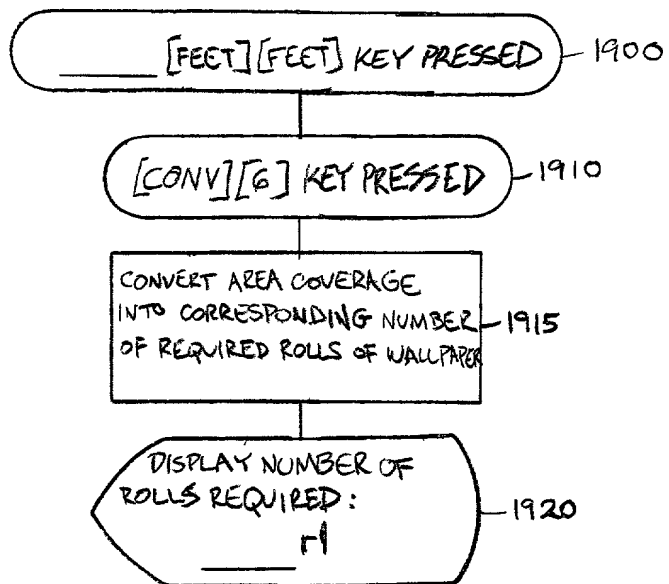


FIG. 19

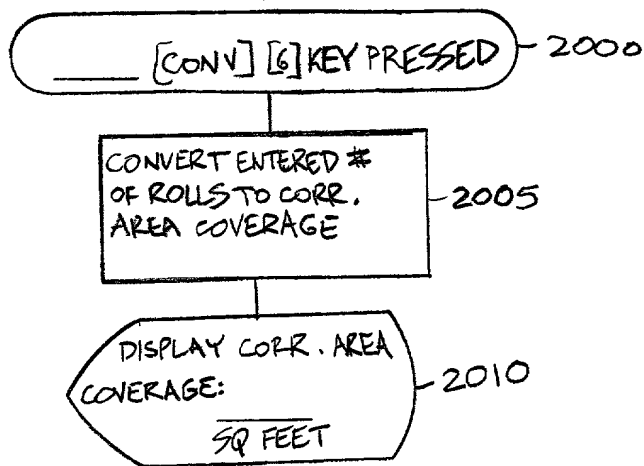


FIG. 20

09607687.054000

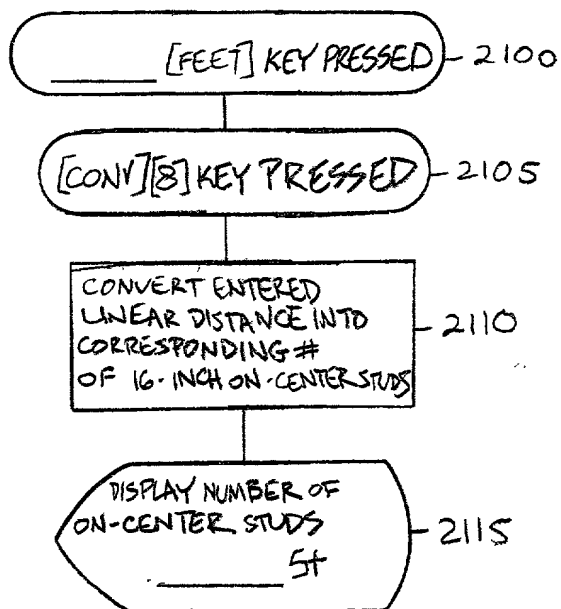


FIG. 21

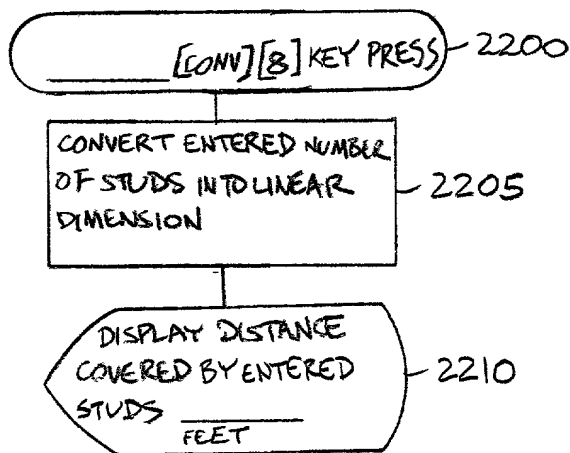


FIG. 22

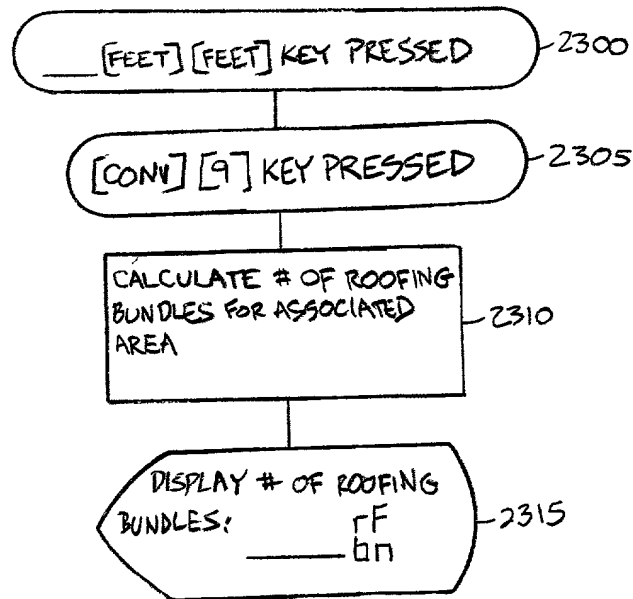


FIG. 23

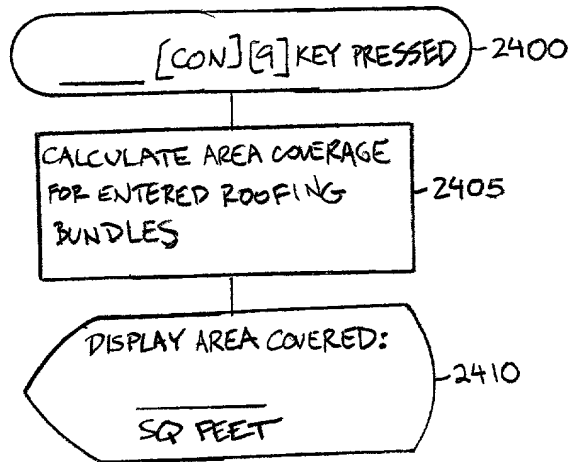


FIG. 24

09607697.063000

DECLARATION

As a below-named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My correct residence, post office address and citizenship are stated below next to my name.

I believe myself to be the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original and first joint inventor (if more than one name is listed below) of the subject matter which is disclosed and claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

“WOODWORKING AND HOME IMPROVEMENT CALCULATOR”

The specification of this subject matter:

☒ is attached hereto.

☐ was filed on

was assigned serial No.: Not yet assigned

which was amended on _____.

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above- identified patent application, including the claims, as amended by any amendment(s) referred to above. I believe the subject matter claimed in the above-identified application to be new and to be unobvious to persons of ordinary skill in the art in view of the prior art of which I am aware. I further hereby state that the specification of the above identified patent application adequately describes how to make and use the claimed invention, and further that it sets forth the best mode for practicing the invention known to me as of the date that the application was filed. I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with 37 C.F.R. §1.56(a).

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. §119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

| Application No. | Country | Filing Date | Priority Claimed |
|-----------------|---------|-------------|------------------|
|-----------------|---------|-------------|------------------|

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. §120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in these prior United States application(s) in the manner provided by 35 U.S.C. §112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in 37 C.F.R. §1.56(a) which occurred between the filing date of the prior application(s) and the national or PCT international filing date of this application.

| Application No. | Filing Date | Status (Issued, Pending, Abandoned) |
|-----------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|
|-----------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|

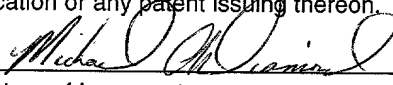

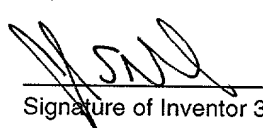
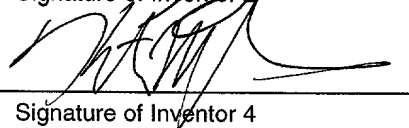
| FULL NAME OF INVENTOR 1 | FIRST Name | MIDDLE Initial(s) | LAST Name | |
|-------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|------------------|----------|
| | Michael | A. | Diamond | |
| RESIDENCE AND CITY | Carson City | Nevada | United States | |
| CITIZENSHIP | | | | |
| POST OFFICE ADDRESS | Number and Street | City | State or Country | Zip Code |
| | 3130 Halleck Drive | Carson City | Nevada | 89701 |

| FULL NAME OF INVENTOR 2 | FIRST Name | MIDDLE Initial(s) | LAST Name | |
|-------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|------------------|----------|
| | Steven | C. | Kennedy | |
| RESIDENCE AND CITY | Carson City | Nevada | United States | |
| CITIZENSHIP | | | | |
| POST OFFICE ADDRESS | Number and Street | City | State or Country | Zip Code |
| | 580 Duck Hill Road | Carson City | Nevada | 89704 |

| FULL NAME OF INVENTOR 3 | FIRST Name | MIDDLE Initial(s) | LAST Name | |
|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|----------|
| | Joel | S. | Novak | |
| RESIDENCE AND CITY | Sudbury | Massachusetts | United States | |
| CITIZENSHIP | | | | |
| POST OFFICE ADDRESS | Number and Street | City | State or Country | Zip Code |
| | 11 Raynor Road | Sudbury | Massachusetts | 01776 |

| FULL NAME OF INVENTOR 4 | FIRST Name | MIDDLE Initial(s) | LAST Name | |
|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|----------|
| | Kenneth | M. | Steiner | |
| RESIDENCE AND CITY | Sudbury | Massachusetts | United States | |
| CITIZENSHIP | | | | |
| POST OFFICE ADDRESS | Number and Street | City | State or Country | Zip Code |
| | 19 Hunt Road | Sudbury | Massachusetts | 01776 |

I further declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made upon information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

| | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|
|  | 2/7/00 |  | 2/3/00 |
| Signature of Inventor 1 | Date | Signature of Inventor 2 | Date |
|  | 2/10/00 |  | 2/10/00 |
| Signature of Inventor 3 | Date | Signature of Inventor 4 | Date |

Construction Master Technologies, LLC., a Nevada corporation, assignee of the application for
United States Letters Patent for an invention entitled:

invented by:

Michael A. Diamond, Steven C. Kennedy, Joel S. Novak and Kenneth M. Steiner

X executed on even date herewith, or

☐ having serial No.: Not yet assigned

do(es) hereby appoint Kenneth D'Alessandro, Registration No. 29,144; Timothy Brisson, Registration No. 44,046; Michael Brandt, Registration No. 39,119; and Robert Hall, Registration No. 39,209, Jonathan Velasco, Registration No. 42,200, Michael Kerr, Registration No. 42,722, Victor Gallo, Registration No. 41,768, as attorneys of record with full power of substitution and revocation, to prosecute this application and transact all business in the United States Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith, and certifies that it is the assignee of the entire right, title and interest in the patent application identified above by virtue of an assignment, a copy of which is attached, from the inventor(s) of the patent application identified above.

Please send all correspondence and direct all telephone calls to:

Michael S. Brandt
Sierra Patent Group, Ltd.
P.O. Box 6149
Stateline, NV 89449
Telephone (775) 586-9500

The undersigned has reviewed all the documents in the chain of title of the patent application identified above and, to the best of undersigned's knowledge and belief, title is in the assignee identified above.

I, the undersigned, declare that I am the assignee of the above identified application, or, if the assignee is a corporation, partnership, or other association, I am authorized to make this appointment on behalf of the assignee and I further declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing therefrom.

Full Assignee Name Construction Master Technologies, LLC.
Post Office Address 4840 Hytech Drive, Carson City, Nevada 89706

Signature Kenneth E. Olymb Date 2/7/2000

| | |
|-----------------------------|-----------|
| <u>Kenneth E. Alexander</u> | President |
| Print Name | Title |